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Quick reference for CRVS & ID **Systems Improvement** Framework













CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE







Civil Registration and Vital Statistics & ID (CRVS & ID) **Systems Improvement Framework**

Preparation

- Undertake advocacy work
- Establish high-level CRVS committee
 Constitute national core team
- Establish technical working group Constitue task team (Thematic group) Mobilize resources
 - Conduct desk review

Tools

• Define a vision for the CRVS system

Outputs

Stage 1: Assessment, analysis, and redesign

Assessment

Stage

- Identify key perfomance indicators (KPIs)
- Collect baseline information
- Set targets
- Develop 'As-Is' business process maps

Analysis

- Identify performance issues
- Analyze root causes

Redesign

- Develop 'As-Desired' business process maps
- Develop redesign ideas

CRVS system analysis and redesign tool (CRVS-SAR)

- Business process maps
- Field visit
- Workshops

Assessment, Analysis, and Redesign report including:

- Process description and process maps for redesign
- Completed CRVS SAR tool
- National CRVS strategic and action plan
- Process improvements implemented and CRVS system improvement monitored using KPIs

More efficient business processes for civil registration

Outcomes

Improved timeliness, completeness, and quality of civil registration and certificiation

III.

Timely production of quality vital statistics including cause of death

Stage 2: Costed strategic and action plan

Stage 3: Implementation and monitoring and evaluation

M&E tool (Implementation) of activities and progress of CRVS improvement)

Planning and costing tool

Principles

Ensure

Country leadership and ownership

Implement

A well coordinated and consultative process

Adopt

international standards and concept and best practices

Build

More pro-active and client centric CRVS system

Establish

inter-operability with other system such as health and population identity register

Relevent questions

Questions

Answers

- 1. Which stages of the framework should the country implement?
- The stages to implement depend on various considerations for example, whether the country already has a strategic and action plan and if it is implementing it - see Section 1.3 page 12
- 2. Which governance structures are needed to manage and coordinate a CRVS system?
- Given the inter-ministerial nature of a CRVS system, strong governance structures are needed at all times for the management and coordination of the CRVS system and for its strengthening - see Section 2.1 page 13
- 3. What coordination mechanism is required for implementation of CRVS improvement activities?
- An Inter-agency Core Team is recommended specifically for implementing the CRVS Improvement activities - see Section 2.1 page 13
- for the implementation of the Framework?
- 4. Which preparations are required Several preparatory steps are recommended before initiating the application of the Framework: for example, develop a roadmap with timelines for implementation; resource mobilization, - see Sections 2.2 to 2.6 pages 14-17 and Annex B
- 5. How should a country develop the overall mission and vison for the CRVS system?
- A country may already have vision and mission statement in which case the improvement work needs to be aligned to these existing statements. Otherwise a vision and mission statements need to be developed by the core team - see section 3.2 page 19 and Annex C
- 6. How are CRVS business processes documented?
- CRVS business processes are documented in written and graphical formats using the business process description template and business process maps respectively. - see section 3.3 pages 19 -23. For examples see Annex E and F
- 7. How does the Framework enable the assessment and analysis of the CRVS system and the development of redesign ideas?
- The CRVS-Systems Analysis and Redesign (CRVS-SAR) tool is used. The tool systematically assesses the performance of the system through a set of Key Performance Indicators (KPIs), identifies issues and undertakes root cause analysis for those gaps and helps propose redesign ideas for improvement of the system – see section 3.5 pages 29-32. For example, a filled CRVS-SAR tool - see Annex G
- 8. How is the assessment and analysis of the performance of current CRVS systems undertaken?
- A workshop for the as-is CRVS system assessment and root cause analysis is recommended. In the workshop, as-is process descriptions and maps are reviewed and updated, KPIs and the targets are reviewed and updated, root cause analysis are conducted for CRVS performance gaps - see section 3.8 pages 34-38
- 9. Why and how is the field assessment conducted?
- The field assessment is conducted to validate and complete the information collected in the CRVS-SAR tool. It also helps in the process of developing redesign ideas to address the root causes of identified performance issues. The methodology recommended are actual observations, notes, photographs, and videos, and recording of interviews and focus group discussion - see section 3.9 pages 43-44. For details also see Annex J
- 10. What does CRVS process redesign entail?
- The CRVS-SAR tool is used to develop potential redesign ideas for root causes identified. The redesign ideas, in addition to recommending as-desired business processes, proposes changes in organizational capabilities that would be required to be made to build and implement the new process; for example, legal framework, ICT, human resources. The process of the final selection of redesign ideas also entails prioritization of redesign ideas and testing - see section 3.10 pages 44-52
- 11. How is a strategic action plan developed?
- Development of a strategic plan is Stage 2 of the Framework. The first step in developing the strategic action plan is to set strategic goals and outcomes and formulate strategic objectives. The next step is to develop a detailed action plan is to identify activities that would deliver the goals, outcomes and objectives - see Table 15-20 page 54-64
- 12. What does monitoring and evaluation of the CRVS system and its strengthening entail?
- The monitoring and evaluation system entails (i) monitoring and evaluating the performance of the CRVS systems and (ii) monitoring and measuring the progress of implementing the CRVS strategic action plan. Monitoring and evaluation guides implementation and provides an important feedback loop for continuous improvement – see section 5.2 pages, Page- 68-69

Checklist

2. Has the implementation of the action plan been initiated?